## English Programmes of Study Year 1 to year 4

### Reading comprehension

		Structure	Language	Range of texts	Accuracy in reading	Self-correction	Comprehension	Discussing books
Year 1	Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read , vocabulary understanding by:		Recognising and joining in with predictable phrases  Discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known	Listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and nonfiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently  Learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart  Becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, re telling them and considering their particular			Being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences	Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say
	Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by:			characteristics		Checking that the text makes sense as they read and correcting inaccurate reading	Drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the	Explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them

						teacher	
						Discussing the significance of title and events	
						Making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done	
						Predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	
Year 2	Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read and vocabulary understanding by:	Discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related  Being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways	Recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry  Discussing and clarifying the meaning of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary  Discussing their favourite words and phrases	Listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of poetry, stories and non- fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently  Becoming increasingly familiar with, and re telling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales			Participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say

		Continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear			
Understand both the books they can read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by:			Checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading	Drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher  Making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done  Answering and asking questions  Predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves

Year 3/4	Develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:	Reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes	Using dictionaries to check the meaning of words they have read  Discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination	Listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or text books  Increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally  Recognising some different forms of poetry(for example free verse, narrative poetry)	Preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action		Identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books	Participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say
	Understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by:	Identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these  Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to				Checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context	Drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence  Predicting what might happen	Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.

meaning			from details	to improve their
			stated and	understanding of
			implied	a text
			Retrieve and	
			record	
			information from	
			non- fiction	

## Writing Composition

	Planning	Drafting	Structure	Range and devices	Edit and proof-read	Evaluate own writing	Oral presentation of
							writing
Year 1		Write sentences by	Write sentences		Write sentences by re-	Discuss what they	Read aloud their
Pupils		saying out loud what	by sequencing		reading what they	have written with the	writing clearly enough
should		they are going to	sentences to form		have written to check	teacher or other	to be heard by their
be		write about.	short narratives		that it makes sense	pupils	peers and teacher
taught							
to:		Write sentences by					
		composing a					
		sentence orally					
		before writing it					
Year 2	Consider what they	Consider what they		Develop positive	Make simple	Make simple	Read aloud what they
Pupils	are going to write	are going to write		attitudes towards	additions, revisions	additions, revisions	have written with
should	before beginning by:	before beginning by:		and stamina for	and corrections to	and corrections to	appropriate
be	<ul> <li>planning or saying</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>encapsulating</li> </ul>		writing by:	their own writing by:	their own writing by:	intonation to make
taught	out loud what	what they want		<ul><li>writing</li></ul>	<ul> <li>re-reading to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluating their</li> </ul>	the meaning clear
to:	they are going to	to say, sentence		narratives	check that their	writing with the	
	write about,	by sentence		about personal	writing makes	teacher and other	
	<ul> <li>writing down</li> </ul>			experiences	sense and that	pupils	
	ideas/key words,			and those of	verbs to indicate		
	including new			others,	time are used		
	vocabulary			<ul> <li>writing about</li> </ul>	correctly and		
				real events,	consistently,		
				<ul> <li>writing poetry,</li> </ul>	including verbs in		

				writing for different purposes	the continuous form  • Proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation (for example, ends of sentences punctuated correctly)		
Year 3/4 Pupils should be taught to:	Plan their writing by:  discussing similar writing to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar  discussing and recording ideas	Draft and write by:  composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures	Draft and write by:  Organising paragraphs around a theme	<ul> <li>In narratives, creating settings, characters and plot</li> <li>In non-narrative, material, using simple organisational devices(for example headings and subheadings)</li> </ul>	Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors  Evaluate and edit by:  proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency  Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors	Evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness of their own writing and suggesting improvements	Read aloud their own writing, to a group or whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that meaning is clear

# Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation including Appendix 2

	Vocabulary, grammar	Use of grammatical	Sentence construction	Punctuation	Terminology	Standard English
	and punctuation : Text	terminology				
Y1		Use the grammatical	Develop their	Develop their	letter, capital letter,	Pupils should begin to
Pupils	Sequencing sentences	terminology in English	understanding of the	understanding of the	word, singular, plural,	use some of the

	Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation : Text	Use of grammatical terminology	Sentence construction	Punctuation	Terminology	Standard English
should be taught to:	to form short narratives	Appendix 2 in discussing their writing	concepts set out in Appendix 2 by:  • leaving spaces between words  • joining words and joining clauses using 'and'  • How words can combine to make sentences Pupils should be taught to recognise sentence boundaries in spoken sentences	concepts set out in Appendix 2 by:  • beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark.  • using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'I'  • Separation of words with spaces	sentence, punctuation, full stop, question mark, exclamation mark	distinctive features of Standard English in their writing. 'Standard English' is defined in the glossary.
Y2 Pupils should be taught to:	<ul> <li>Correct choice and consistent use of present tense and past tense throughout writing</li> <li>Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress (eg she is drumming, he was shouting)</li> </ul>	Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing  The terms for discussing language should be embedded for pupils in the course of discussing their writing with them. Their attention should be drawn to the technical terms they need to learn.	<ul> <li>Learn how to use:</li> <li>sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command</li> <li>expanded noun phrases to describe and specify, e.g. the blue butterfly</li> <li>the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form</li> <li>subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and coordination (using or, and, or but)</li> <li>the grammar for Year 2 in English Appendix</li> </ul>	Develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular)	noun, noun phrase, statement, question, exclamation, command, compound, adjective verb, suffix, adverb tense (past, present) apostrophe, comma	Learn how to use some features of written Standard English

	Vo	cabulary, grammar	Use of grammatical	Sentence construction	Punctuation	Terminology	Standard English
		d punctuation : Text	terminology				0
Y3/4 Pupils should be taught to:	• •	d punctuation: Text  Learning the grammar for Years 3 and 4 in English  Appendix 2  Introduction of paragraphs as a way to group related material (Y3)  Use of paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme (Y4)  Headings and subheadings to aid presentation (Y3)  Appropriate use of pronoun or noun within and across sentences to aid cohesion and avoid repetition (Y4)	Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading	Develop their understanding of the concepts set out in Appendix 2 by:  Extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if because, although  Using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense (Y3)  Choosing nouns or pronouns accurately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition  Using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time, place and cause (Y3)  Using fronted adverbials (Y4)  Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases eg the teacher expanded to the strict maths teacher with the curly hair)(Y4)	Indicate grammatical and other features by:  • Using commas after fronted adverbials (Y4)  • Indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns (Y4)  • Using and punctuating direct speech (Y3/4)	Y3: adverb, preposition, conjunction, word family, prefix, clause, subordinate clause, direct speech, consonant, consonant letter vowel, vowel letter, inverted commas (or 'speech marks')  Y4: determiner, pronoun, possessive pronoun, adverbial	Standard English forms for verb inflections instead of local spoken forms (for example we were instead of we was or I did instead of I done)

Vocabulary, grammar	Use of grammatical	Sentence construction	Punctuation	Terminology	Standard English
and punctuation : Text	terminology				

### Reading – word reading

	Apply phonic	Accurate reading	Reading CE words	Reading longer words	Reading aloud	Re- reading
	knowledge					
Year 1	<ul> <li>Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words</li> <li>Read words containing taught GPCs and -s , -es, -ing,-ed,-er and -est endings</li> </ul>	Read words with contractions (for example I'm, I'll, we'll) and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s)	Read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word	Read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs	Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words	Re - read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading
	Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of	<ul> <li>Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught</li> </ul>				

Year 2	letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes  Continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until	Read accurately     by blending the     sounds in words     that contain the	Read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences	Read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the	Read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge,	Re - read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word
	automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent	graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes  Read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered	between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word	same graphemes as above (ie alternative sounds for graphemes) • Read words containing common suffixes	sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation	reading
Year 3 Year 4			Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word		Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet	
Year 5 Year 6					Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and	

	suffixes (etymology
	and morphology) as
	listed in English
	Appendix 1, both to
	read aloud and to
	understand the
	meaning of new
	words they meet